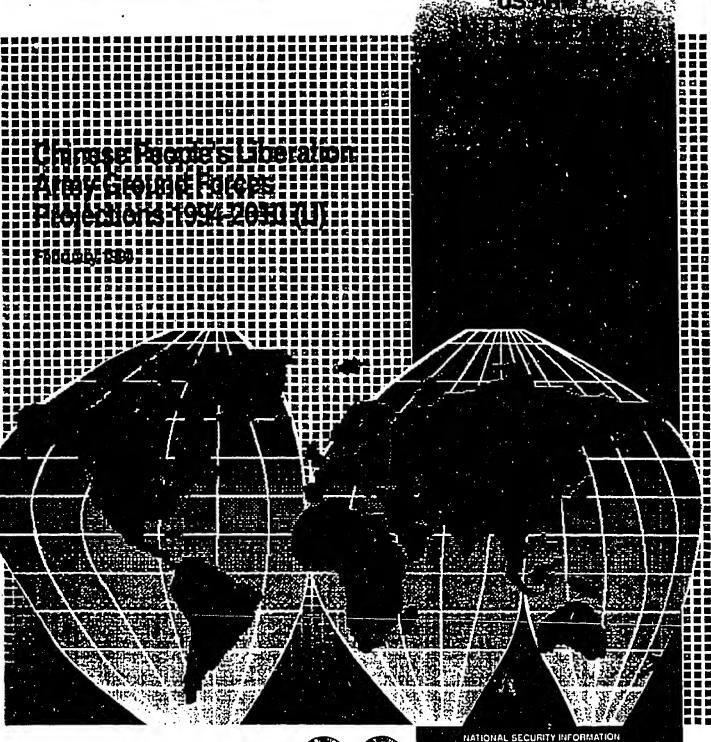
01675

1994/02/00



SECRET
Not Releasable to Foreign Nationals

ATC-RW-1100-137-93





NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

United States Army Intelligence and Security Command United States Army Intelligence and Threat Analysis Center



Intelligence and Threat Analysis Brief

ATC-RA-1100-137-93 ICOD: 1 September 1993

SUBJECT: Chinese People's Liberation Army Ground Force Projections 1994-2010 (U)

(U) This brief addresses the Chinese People's Liberation Army (PLA) ground force projections through 2010.

(U) Key Judgments

- (U) For the short-term, China will try to avoid armed conflict while it focuses on economic growth.
- (U) For the long-term, the rise of Japan, Russia, and a united Korea as threats to China's regional supremacy will increase the likelihood of regional tensions.



(U) Regional Situation

- China is faced with three distinct regional prob-First, the military balance in the Pacific has been changed because of the collapse of the Soviet Union and the drawdown of the US and Russian presence in Asia. These events have heightened China's concern for potential Japanese military expansion. Second, China must resolve the Taiwan issue. A peaceful settlement is preferred, but China will maintain a credible military capability to forestall Taiwan independence. The third regional problem involves interregional hostilities and territorial disputes along the Chinese periphery.
- (U) A potential inter-Korean conflict and North Korea's nuclear program pose the most pressing problems for

5 03C 552 (b) (1)



Chinese statecraft for the near term. Although China is seeking regional stability through statecraft, the South China Sea region is the most likely scenario for armed involvement by the Chinese. China, which claims sovereignty over the entire South China Sea, and a number of China's neighbors, most notably Vietnam, have conflicting claims in the Spratly Islands.

(U) Elsewhere, regarding China's territorial dispute with India, the Chinese want to continue their friendship with Pakistan while avoiding direct involvement in an India-Pakistan war. Although Russia is the only nation that could pose a significant ground incursion threat, the Chinese perceive a major conflict with the Russians as unlikely and have reduced their forces along the Sino-Russian border. Aside from these diverse sets of regional issues, China is faced with ethnic unrest and rapid, disproportionate economic growth. These internal problems are straining the national fabric and the current political structure.

(U) Grand Strategy. The three goals of China's grand strategy are to maintain the country's sovereign boundaries, to provide a peaceful environment for continued

economic growth, and to enhance China's position as a world power. China does not aspire to become an adversary or ally of the West or to be viewed as a threat to its Asian neighbors.



SECRET MOTORN 5 09C 552 (b) (1)

SEC.EI

defense mission.

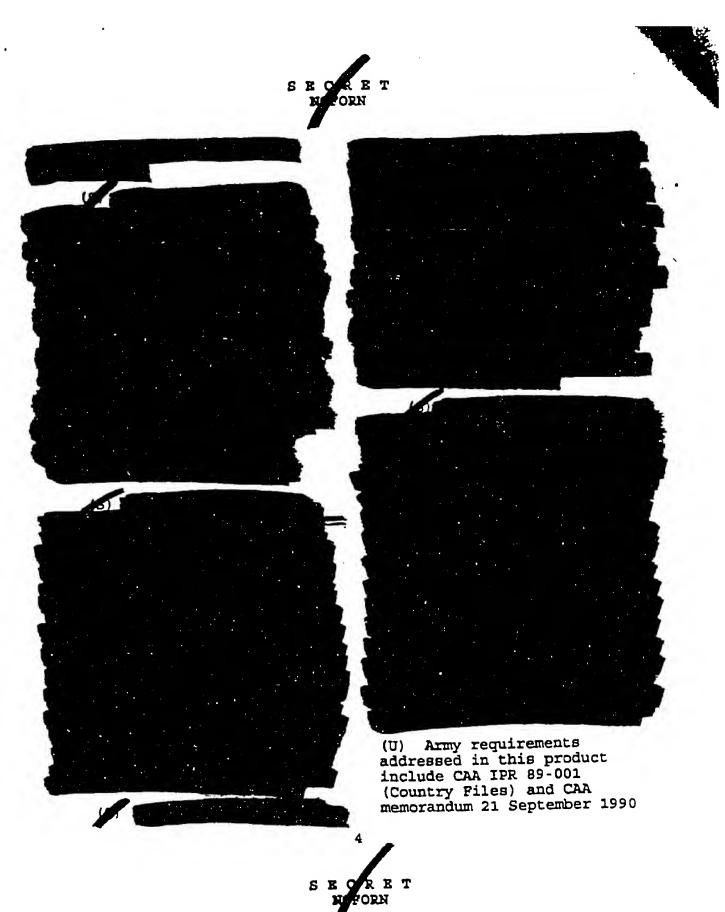
(U) Porecast

Changes in Threat. China will enter the 21st Century with increased worries about Japanese rearmament and a nuclear capable North Korea, India, or Pakistan. For the short-term, China will try to avoid armed conflict while focusing on economic growth. Should the Spratly Island dispute not be resolved peacefully, China may take military action. China's ability to forge peaceful relations with Japan, its principal economic rival, and the political and economic directions taken by the Russians will have the most significant impact for the midterm. For the long-term, the rise of Japan, Russia, and . a united Korea as threats to China's regional supremacy will increase the likelihood of regional tensions.

(S) Changes in Strategy and Power. No changes to China's national goals or military art is projected. At the operational level, we will see continued progress towards the fielding of a force capable of fighting wars that are geographically limited, of short duration, and highly technological. The PLA will be unable to support Chinese power projection much beyond

5 USC 552 (b) (1)

SECKET NO ORN





(AFPDA Requirements).

This document has been produced by the Military Capabilities Branch, Asia/Americas Division, United States Army Intelligence Threat and Analysis Center, (202) 479-1820. All comments and suggestions should be addressed to Commander, USAITAC, ATTN: IAITAC-00, Building 213, Washington Navy Yard, Washington, DC 20374-5085. Requests for copies of this document, or for changes in distribution requirements, should be coordinated as directed in AR 381-19, Intelligence Dissemination and Production Support, February 1988.

